





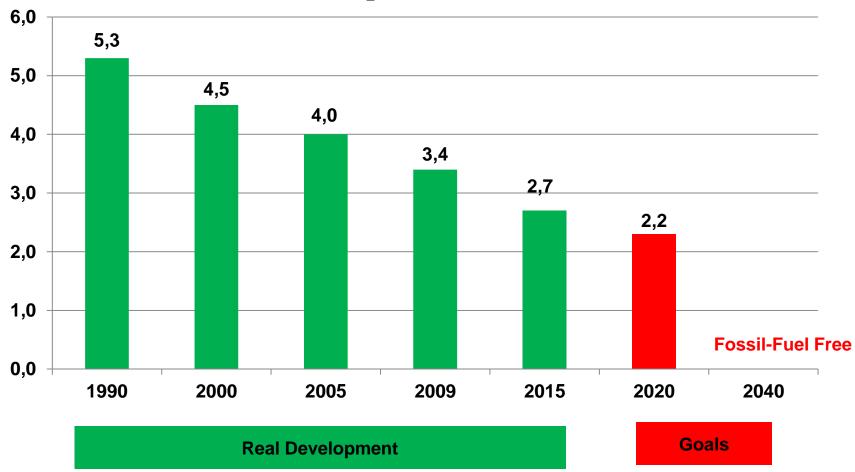
# Climate work since 1995





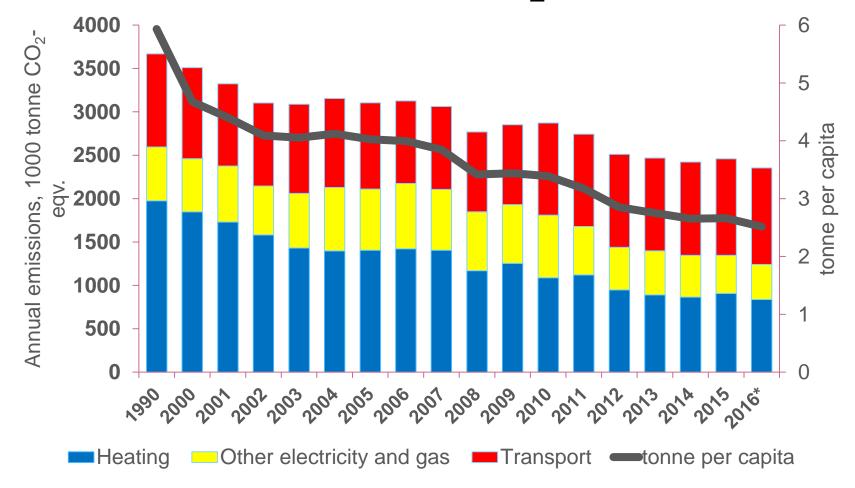
### Goals and achievements







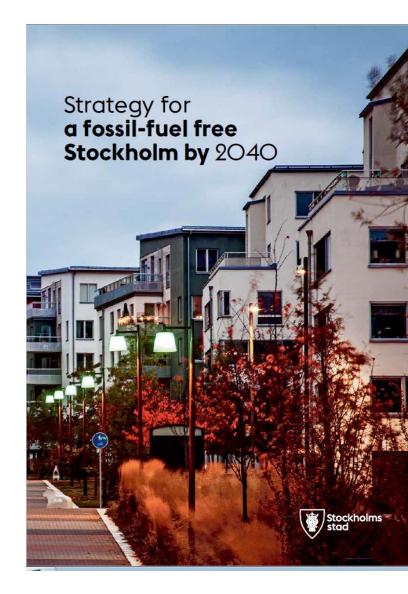
# Annual emissions of CO<sub>2</sub> -eqv





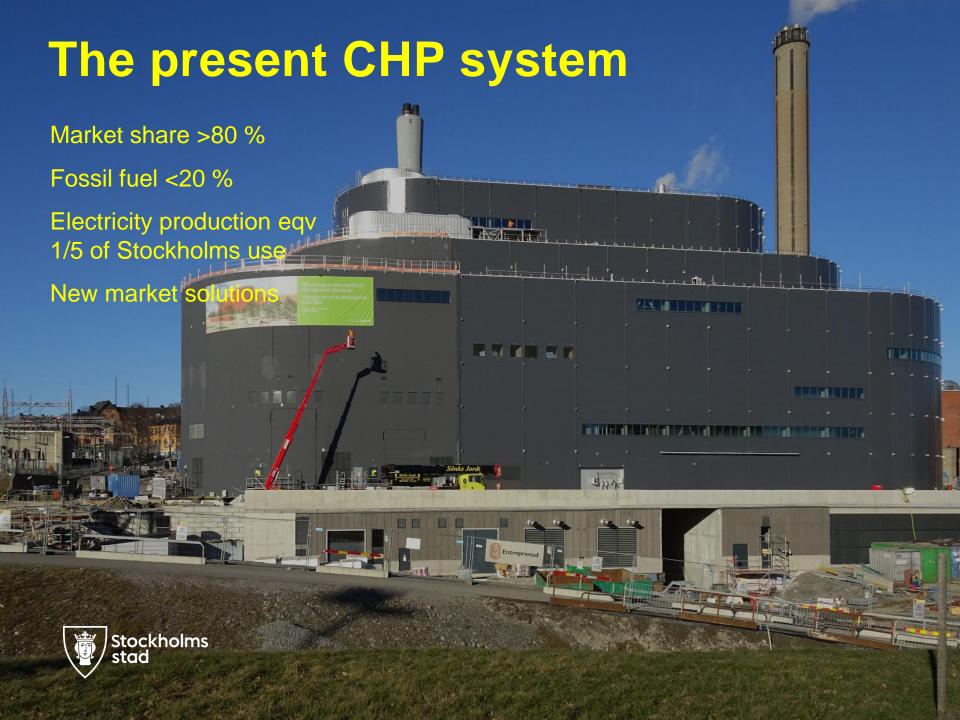
# Fossil fuel free Stockholm 2040

- Decided actions to 2020
- Strategic decisions for 2040









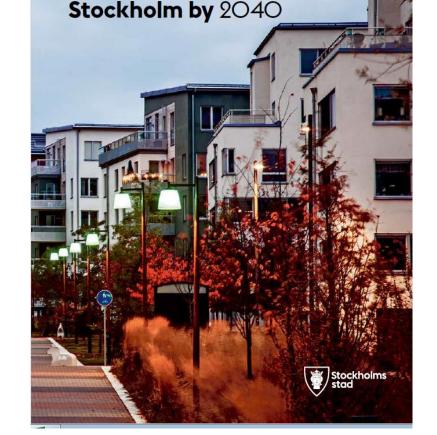
# Heating-measures to 2020

New biofuel powered CHP plant & Increased number of district heating users – also for providers of heat

Increased energy efficiency in city owned buildings 10%

When renovarting city owned buildings -30 % in energy use

Energy standards in building contracts on city owned land 55 KWH/m2



Strategy for

a fossil-fuel free







## Residential buildings



**Energicentrum at the City of Stockholm Environment and Health Administration** 

# The economics of renovation projects with energyrelated investments

**Final report** 

15 February 2012



ÅF Infrastructure AB Karin Byman Sara Jernelius

# **Energy efficient renovation methods**

- Mechanical ventilation with heat recovery by heat-pump
- Heat recovery from waste-water
- Improved thermal insulation of walls and roofs
- New windows with low U-values
- Fine tuning of systems

Sustainble Järva -50% GrowSmarter: -60 %



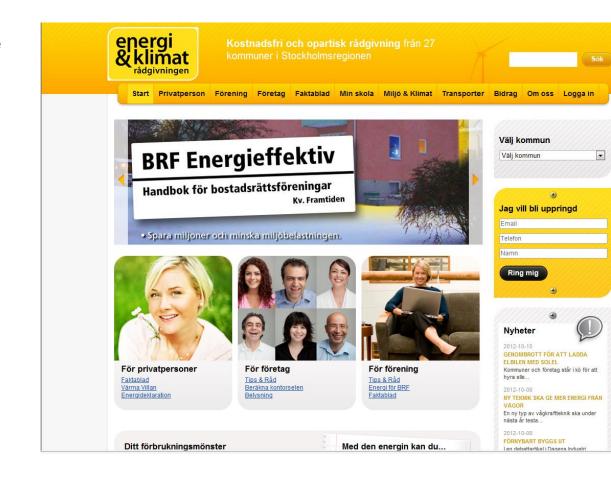






# Energy and climate advice service

- Telephone advice service
- On site advice. Priority Condominiums.
- Information on website





# Cooperation with private real-estate organisation

- Energy efficiency and renewables
- Common demonstration projects
- City-Private sector know-how exchange
- Knowledge dissemination to property owners
- LOI March 2013

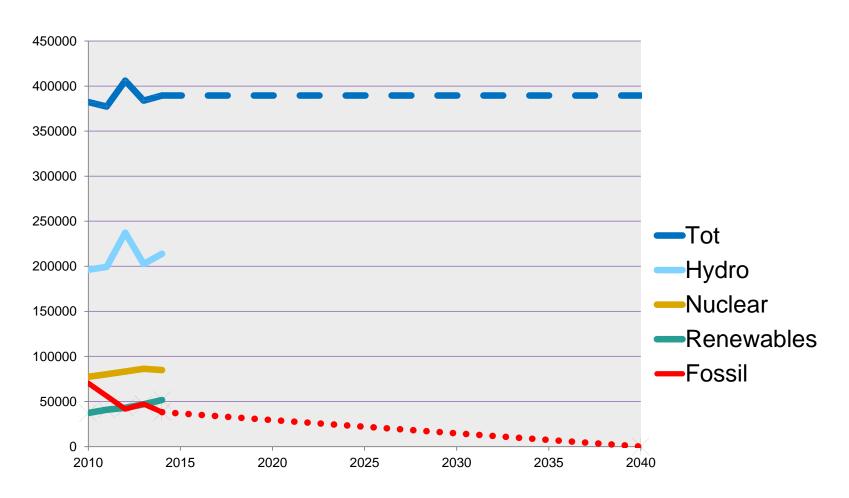








# Fossil free electricity (Nordic mix)





### Electricity and gas – measures to 2020



Increased energy production from photovoltaics

10% of municipal use by 2040

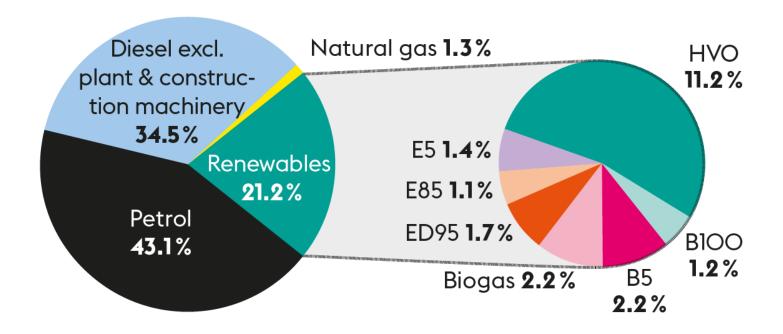
Increased biogas production from collected food waste (20.000 tonnes)

70% collected by 2020





### Fuel for road traffic in Stockholm County

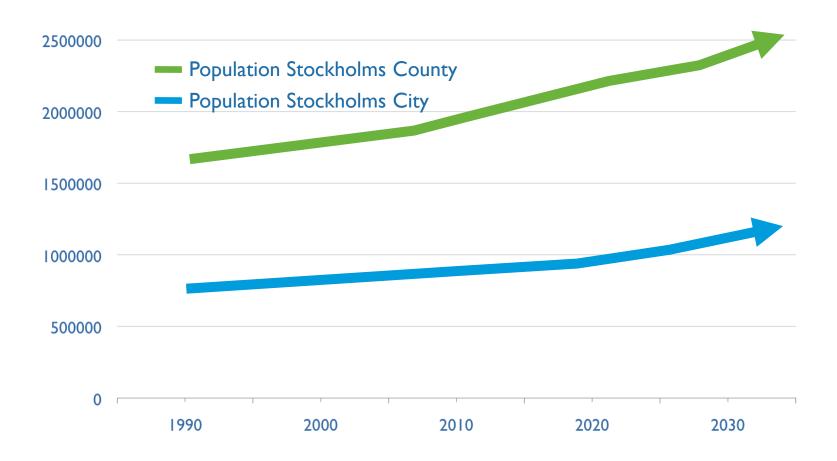


In 2014 road traffic used fuel equivalent to 3,100 GWh. Renewables accounted for 21 percent (650 GWh) of this total.

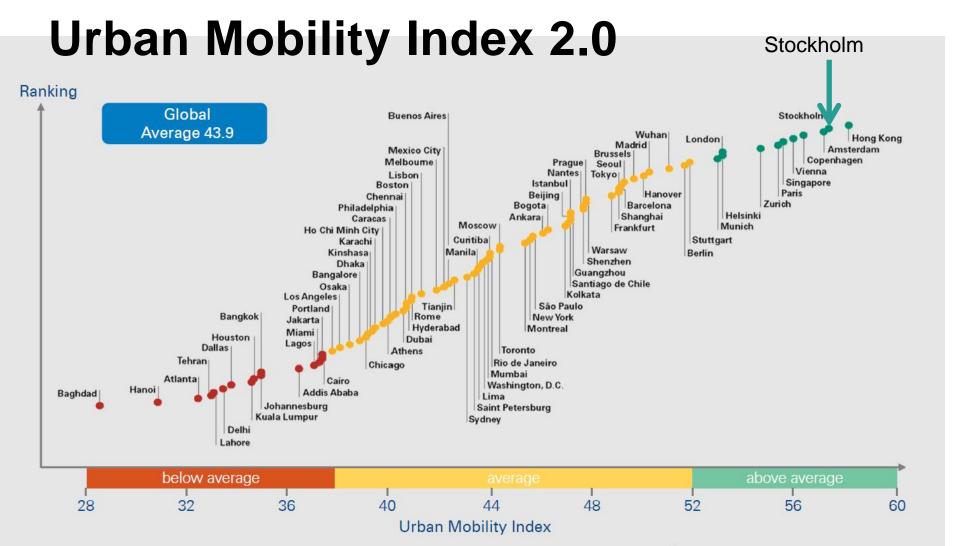
Source: Environment and Health Administration



### Stockholm grows more rapidly than ever







Source: Arthur D. Little Urban Mobility Index 2.0; UITP is independent of this index, which does not necessarily reflect its opinion'; 100 index points for city that would achieve best performance on each criteria.



### **Transport – measures to 2020**

#### Transport efficient city planning

- Urban planning
- Mobility strategy
- Parking fees, congestion charge
- Biking measures
- Promotion of public transport

#### Energy efficient vehicles

EU Directives

#### Renewable fuels

- Charging stations
- Biogas for transport
- Transport procurements





New infrastructure for public

transport – and dwellings

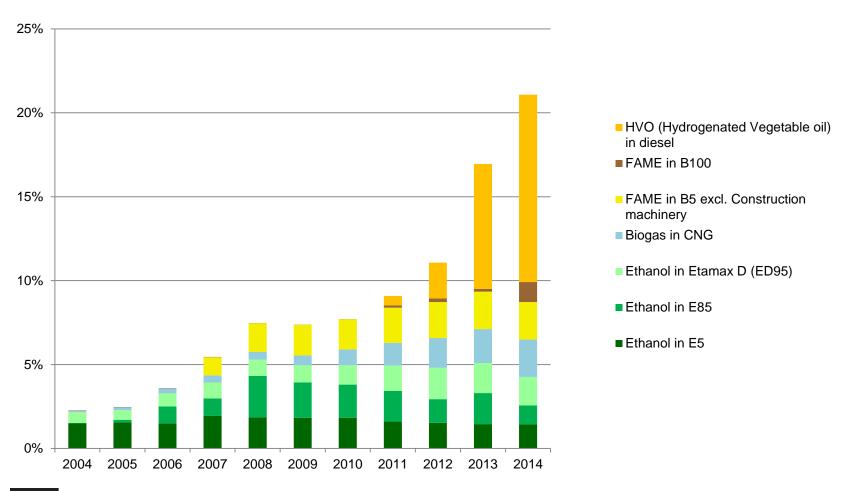






# Renewable fuels for road transport

Stockholm 2004 – 2014 (But still approx 80 % fossil)





### **Transport – measures to 2020**

# Transport efficient city planning (-80.000 tonnes)

- Urban planning
- Mobility strategy
- Parking fees, congestion charge
- Biking measures

#### Energy efficient vehicles

EU Directives

#### Renewable fuels (-140.000 tonnes)

- Charging stations
- Biogas for transport
- Transport procurements





### **Transport: strategic work for 2040**

- Strategic plan for fossil free transport sector and investigate prohibiting fossil fuels for vehicles
- Introduce environmental zones in the city for private cars and vans prohibiting fossil fuels by 2040
- Work to get better legislation empowering the city for fossil free transport
- Investigate measures for fossil free shipping
- Investigate measures to get construction machinery fossil fuel free





### Climate compensation for possible remaining emissions: Biochar as one possibility

Green waste

Soil improvement

Heating

Construction material

Carbon sink



# 1990: Swedish CO<sub>2</sub>-tax

#### Energy tax:

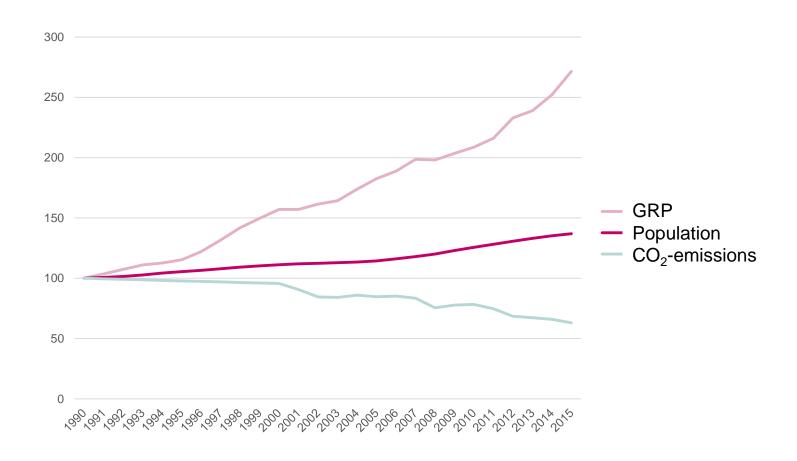
- Introduced in: 1924 petrol; 1951 electricity; 1957 oils and coal; 1964 LPG; 1985 natural gas.
- Strictly based on energy content of fossil heating fuels from 2011.
   Moving towards a uniform energy content application for motor fuels.

#### 1990/1991 tax reform

- Reduced tax on labour
- Increased taxes on energy:
- VAT on energy
- CO<sub>2</sub> tax
- Investment state aid for fossil free energy production



### **Emissions and growth are decoupled**







### THE GROWSMARTER PROJECT 2015-19

### Creating a Market for 12 Smart Solutions

















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